

GSSE Academy –Elective on social innovation

Seoul : June 28th 2017

N. Thayalan – HRDF – INDIA

Human Resource Development Foundation (HRDF)

No.84, upstairs, Sadras Road, Thirukazhukundram

Kanchipuram District, Tamilnadu, INDIA

Email : dayalanhrdf@gmail.com

I. The challenges - Need for social solidarity economy

- In the developing countries like India, are becoming as industrialization by the order of Neo liberal globalization.
- By these reason, the talk is everywhere that the Asian countries like India are all very fastly developing in economically. Even though, the majority of poorest people living in the world are all in those countries only. Peoples pushed far away by undustrialization.
- It is come to know very clearly from the MDG report of Asian pacific areas which recently released that the inequalities are also very much increasing in these areas.
- It says that 740 million of people are living in utter poverty condition in these regions.
- The people who are affecting by the starvation in the world are majorly living in these regions. Dalits and women are majorly affected by poverty without any employment opportunity.
- Particularly unemployment situation is created by the reason that the agriculture lands and water sources which the village people used for the food production are all encroached by the private companies for creating industrial zone.
- Due to these cause 90%of rural agriculture farmers are migrating to nearest towns for their employment. They are involving in the unsafe unorganized works for low wages, long time work and for temporary work.
- More than that the condition is there that they have to buy the food things in the market for their family needs. Moreover, due to the reason of food sovereignty and price excessing of food things, they could not able to get the sufficient and nutritious food their needs. By these causes the people affected by nutrition deficiency and suffered by diseases with the condition of unable to do their work.
- By the reason of increasing the caste of medical services, the poor people are in the condition that they could not able to get the health services too. And they are pushed to the condition of severe poverty.

II. HRDF's realization on the limitation of industrialization

Industrialism sticks to the resources and economy development. So HRDF seeks for the alternatives way to make social enterprises for the social solidarity economy an sustainable development.

HRDF has established local social enterprises and cooperatives to revive the social economy

Through Direct trade between producers and consumers, safe food education program and campaigns to protect our health and the environment and facilitating the policy making process and people's movement to improve social enterprises regulation in local self governance.

Eco friendly food production by local level farmers groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Vegetables - Nuts - Fruits - Rice - cooking oil
Livestock production by the group of unemployed people	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Livestock farm - Dairy milk products - Meat - Vermicompost, natural pesticides and fertilizers - Poultry farm - Egg and meat
Community seed bank by WOCF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Indigenous seeds selling for farmers
Living supply by the group of unemployed youngsters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - School uniform - Dress materials - Bags - Cosmetics
Small vending by women	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fish and dry fish vending - Vegetable marketing - Petty shop - Mobile Tiffin centre
Community finance institution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Revolving fund - Facilitating Community investments
Skills building for Entrepreneur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social enterprises development study centre – Training, Workshop

Main principles that :

- *Work together! Manage together!! And invest together!!!*
- *Direct trade between rural and small urban!*
- *Handled the products which good for our health and our earth!*
- *Quality job with dignity to the local community!*
- *Sustainable development!*

Policy making process for promoting social enterprises by local self governance

<p><i>HRDF has taken the lead in the establishment of the people's movements for policy making in local self government.</i></p>	<p>1. <i>Build the peoples movements at various levels.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>Village level farmers group</i> - <i>Women organic agriculture farmers federation at district level</i> - <i>Dalit panchayat presidents federation in state level</i>
<p><i>Through this peoples movement has facilitating to improve social enterprises regulation in local self governance.</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><i>“Ensure the food Sovereignty Right to power of food productions Right to Dignity job Right to Social enterprises “</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Policy making campaign for the safe food education</i> • <i>Save our land and natural resources by organic farm.</i> • <i>Expanded environment friendly methods of agriculture in every rural areas</i> • <i>Create the infrastructure for social enterprises in rural areas.</i> • <i>Ensure the peoples participation in policy making process and development plan in local governance</i> • <i>Fair and sustainable trade should create by the local governance.</i> • <i>The cooperatives should develop between the farmers and the consumers n each village panchayat.</i> • <i>The government should implement the policies to distribute the land to the landless farmers for eco friendly food production.</i> • <i>Financial support should provide to develop the social enterprises.</i> • <i>The true disadvantages should compile and release as a document.</i> • <i>Should stop the multination companies to involve in the food productions.</i> • <i>The patent for seeds and consumer goods should not give to multination companies.</i>